

Real-Time Workshop[®]

For Use with Simulink[®]

- Modeling
- Simulation
- Implementation

Reference

Version 6



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Real-Time Workshop Reference

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Configuration Parameter Reference

The following table lists Real-Time Workshop® and Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder parameters that you can use to tune model and target configurations. The table provides brief descriptions, valid values (bold type highlights defaults), and a mapping to Configuration Parameter dialog box equivalents. For descriptions of the panes and options in that dialog box, see “Adjusting Simulation Configuration Parameters for Code Generation” and “Configuring Real-Time Workshop Code Generation Parameters”.

Use the `get_param` and `set_param` commands to retrieve and set the values of the parameters on the MATLAB® command line or programatically in scripts. The Configuration Wizard in the Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder also provides buttons and scripts for customizing code generation.

For information about Simulink® parameters, see “Model Configuration Dialog Box” in the Simulink documentation. For information on using `get_param` and `set_param` to tune the parameters for various model configurations, see “Parameter Tuning by Using MATLAB Commands”. See “Using Configuration Wizard Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder documentation for information on using Configuration Wizard features.

Note Parameters that are specific to Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder, Stateflow®, or Fixed-Point Toolbox support are marked accordingly. For example, Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder parameters are marked with an (EC). To set the values of these parameters, you must have appropriate product licensing.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
BufferReuse off, on	Optimization > Reuse block outputs	Reuse local (function) variables for block outputs wherever possible. Selecting this option trades code traceability for code efficiency.
CodeGenDirectory	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
CombineOutputUpdateFcns (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Single output/update function	Generate a model's output and update routines into a single-step function.
Comment	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ConfigAtBuild	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ConfigurationMode	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ConfigurationScript	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
CustomCommentsFcn (EC) <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Custom comments function	Specify the filename of the M-function or TLC function that adds the custom comment.
CustomHeaderCode <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Custom Code > Header file	Specify the code to appear at the top of the generated <i>model.h</i> header file.
CustomInclude <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Custom Code > Include directories	Specify a space-separated list of include directories to be added to the include path when compiling the generated code.
CustomInitializer <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Custom Code	Specify the code to appear in the generated model initialize function.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
CustomLibrary <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Custom Code > Initialize function Libraries	Specify a space-separated list of static library files to be linked with the generated code.
CustomSource <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Custom Code > Source files	Specify a space-separated list of source files to be compiled and linked with the generated code.
CustomSourceCode <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Custom Code > Source file	Specify code to appear at the top of the generated <i>model.c</i> source file.
CustomSymbolStrBlkIO (EC) <i>string - rtb_\$\$M</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Local block output variables	Specify a symbol format rule for local block output variables. The rule can contain valid C identifier characters and the following macros: \$M - Mangle \$N - Name of object \$A - Data type acronym
CustomSymbolStrFcn (EC) <i>string - \$\$R\$\$M\$\$F</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Subsystem methods	Specify a symbol format rule for subsystem methods. The rule can contain valid C identifier characters and the following macros: \$M - Mangle \$R - Root model name \$N - Name of object \$H - System hierarchy number \$F - Subsystem method name

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
CustomSymbolStrField (EC) <i>string</i> - \$N\$M	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Field name of global types	Specify a symbol format rule for field name of global types. The rule can contain valid C identifier characters and the following macros: \$M - Mangle \$N - Name of object \$H - System hierarchy number \$A - Data type acronym
CustomSymbolStrGlobalVar (EC) <i>string</i> - \$R\$N\$M	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Global variables	Specify a symbol format rule for global variables. The rule can contain valid C identifier characters and the following macros: \$M - Mangle \$R - Root model name \$N - Name of object
CustomSymbolStrMacro (EC) <i>string</i> - \$R\$N\$M	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Constant macros	Specify a symbol format rule for constant macros. The rule can contain valid C identifier characters and the following macros: \$M - Mangle \$R - Root model name \$N - Name of object

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
CustomSymbolStrTmpVar (EC) <i>string</i> - \$N\$M	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Local temporary variables	Specify a symbol format rule for local temporary variables. The rule can contain valid C identifier characters and the following macros: \$M - Mangle \$R - Root model name \$N - Name of object
CustomSymbolStrType (EC) <i>string</i> - \$N\$R\$M	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Global types	Specify a symbol format rule for global types. The rule can contain valid C identifier characters and the following macros: \$M - Mangle \$R - Root model name \$N - Name of object
CustomTerminator <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Custom Code > Terminate function	Specify code to appear in the model's generated terminate function.
DataBitsets (Stateflow) off, on	Optimization > Use bit sets for storing boolean data	Use bit sets for storing Boolean data.
DataDefinitionFile (EC) <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Data Placement > Data definition filename	Specify the name of a single separate .c or .cpp file that contains global data definitions.
DataReferenceFile (EC) <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Data Placement > Data declaration filename	Specify the name of a single separate .c or .cpp file that contains global data references.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
DefineNamingFcn <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > #define naming > Custom M-function	Specify a custom M-function to control the naming of symbols with #define statements. You can set this parameter only if DefineNamingRule is set to Custom.
DefineNamingRule (EC) None , UpperCase, LowerCase, Custom	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > #define naming	Specify the rule that changes the spelling of all #define names.
EfficientFloat2IntCast off , on	Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wrap out-of-range values	Remove wrapping code that handles out-of-range floating-point to integer conversion results.
ERTCustomFileBanners	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ERTCustomFileTemplate (EC) <i>string</i> - example_file_process.tlc	Real-Time Workshop > Templates > File customization template	Specify a TLC callback script for customizing the generated code.
ERTDataHdrFileTemplate (EC) <i>string</i> - ert_code_template.cgt	Real-Time Workshop > Templates > Header file (*.h) template	Specify a template that organizes the generated data .h header files.
ERTDataSrcFileTemplate (EC) <i>string</i> - ert_code_template.cgt	Real-Time Workshop > Templates > Source file (*.c or *.cpp) template	Specify a template that organizes the generated data .c source files.
ERTHdrFileBannerTemplate (EC) <i>string</i> - ert_code_template.cgt	Real-Time Workshop > Templates > Header file (*.h) template	Specify a template that organizes the generated code .h header files.
ERTSrcFileBannerTemplate (EC) <i>string</i> - ert_code_template.cgt	Real-Time Workshop > Templates > Source file (*.c or *.cpp) template	Specify a template that organizes the generated code .c or .cpp source files.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
EnableCustomComments (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Custom comments (MPT objects only)	Add a comment above a signal's or parameter's identifier in the generated file.
EnforceIntegerDowncast off, on	Optimization > Ignore integer downcasts in folded expressions	Remove casts of intermediate variables to improve code efficiency. When you select this option, expressions involving 8-bit and 16-bit arithmetic on microprocessors of a larger bit size are less likely to overflow in code than in simulation.
ERTFirstTimeCompliant (EC) off, on	Not available	Indicate whether a target supports the ability to control inclusion of the firstTime argument. You set this parameter in a call to SelectCallback function. Default is off for custom and non-ERT targets and on for ERT targets.
ExpressionFolding off, on	Optimization > Eliminate superfluous temporary variables (Expression folding) > Interface	Collapse block computations into single expressions wherever possible. This improves code readability and efficiency.
ExtMode off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface	Specify the data interface to be generated with the code.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
ExtModeMexArgs <i>string - mex</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Interface > External > MEX-file arguments	Specify external mode mex arguments.
ExtModeMexFile	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ExtModeStaticAlloc off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Static memory allocation	Use a static memory buffer for external mode instead of allocating dynamic memory (calls to malloc).
ExtModeStaticAllocSize off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Static memory buffer size	Specify the size in bytes of the external mode static memory buffer.
ExtModeTesting	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ExtModeTransport tcpip, serial-win32	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Interface > External > Transport layer	Specify transport protocols for external mode communications.
FoldNonRolledExpr	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ForceParamTrailComments off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Verbose comments for SimulinkGlobal storage class	Specify that comments be included in the generated file. To reduce file size, the model parameters data structure is not commented when there are more than 1000 parameters.
GenCodeOnly off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Generate code only	Generate source code, but do not execute the makefile to build an executable.
GenerateASAP2 off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Interface	Specify the data interface to be generated with the code.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
GenerateComments off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Include comments	Include comments in generated code.
GenerateErtSFunction (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Create Simulink (S-Function) block	Wrap the generated code inside an S-Function block. This allows you to validate the generated code in Simulink.
GenerateFullHeader	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
GenerateMakefile off, on	Real-Time Workshop > General > Generate makefile	Specify whether Real-Time Workshop is to generate a makefile during the build process for a model.
GenerateReport off , on	Real-Time Workshop > General > Generate HTML report	Document the generated C or C++ code in an HTML report.
GenerateSampleERTMain (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Templates > Generate an example main program	Generate an example main program that demonstrates how to deploy the generated code. The program is written to the file ert_main.c or ert_main.cpp.
GenFloatMathFcnCalls <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Target floating-point math environment	Specify the math library extension available to your target.
GlobalDataDefinition(EC) Auto , InSourceFile, InSeparateSourceFile	Real-Time Workshop > Data Placement > Data definition	Select the .c or .cpp file where variables of global scope are defined.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
GlobalDataReference (EC) Auto , InSourceFile, InSeparateHeaderFile	Real-Time Workshop > Data Placement > Data declaration	Select the .h file where variables of global scope are declared (for example, extern real_T globalvar;).
GRTInterface (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > GRT compatible call interface	Include a code interface (wrapper) that is compatible with the GRT target.
IgnoreCustomStorageClasses (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > General > Ignore custom storage classes	Treat custom storage classes as 'Auto'.
IncAutoGenComments	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
IncDataTypeInIds off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Symbol > Include data type acronym in identifiers	Include acronyms that express data types in signal and work vector identifiers. For example, 'rtB.i32_signame' identifies a 32-bit integer block output signal named 'signame'.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
<p>IncHierarchyInIds off, on</p>	<p>Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Include system hierarchy number in identifiers</p>	<p>Include the system hierarchy number in variable identifiers. For example, 's3_' is the system hierarchy number in rtB.s3_signame for a block output signal named 'signame'. Including the system hierarchy number in identifiers improves the traceability of generated code. To locate the subsystem in which the identifier resides, type <code>hilite_system('<S3>')</code> at the MATLAB prompt. The argument specified with <code>hilite_system</code> requires an uppercase S.</p>
<p>IncludeERTFirstTime (EC) off, on</p>	<p>Not available</p>	<p>Specify whether Real-Time Workshop is to include the <code>firstTime</code> argument in the generated model initialization function.</p>
<p>IncludeFileDelimiter (EC) Auto, UseQuote, UseBracket</p>	<p>Real-Time Workshop > Data Placement > #include file delimiter</p>	<p>Specify the delimiter to be used for all data objects that do not have a delimiter specified in the <code>IncludeFile</code> property.</p>
<p>IncludeHyperlinkInReport (EC) off, on</p>	<p>Real-Time Workshop > General > Include hyperlinks to model</p>	<p>Link code segments to the corresponding block in the model. This option increases code generation time for large models.</p>

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
IncludeMdlTerminateFcn (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Terminate function required	Generate a terminate function for the model.
IncludeRegionsInRTWFile BlockHierarchyMap	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
IncludeRootSignalInRTWFile	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
IncludeVirtualBlocksInRTW FileBlockHierarchyMap	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
InitFltsAndDblsToZero (EC) off, on	Optimization > Use memset to initialize floats and doubles to 0.0	Optimize initialization of storage for float and double values. Set this option if the representation of floating-point zero used by your compiler and target CPU is identical to the integer bit pattern 0.
InitialValueSource (EC) Model, DataObject	Real-Time Workshop > Placement > Source of initial values	Specify the source for initialization values of model signals during run time.
InlineInvariantSignals off, on	Optimization > Inline invariant signals	Precompute and inline the values of invariant signals in the generated code.
InlinedParameterPlacement (EC) Hierarchical, NonHierarchical	Optimization > Parameter structure	Specify how generated code stores global (tunable) parameters. Specify NonHierarchical to trade off modularity for efficiency.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
InlinedPrmAccess (EC) Literals , Macros	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Generate scalar inlined parameters as	Specify whether inlined parameters are coded as numeric constants or macros. Specify Macros for more efficient code.
InsertBlockDesc (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Simulink block descriptions	Insert the contents of the Description field from the Block Parameters dialog box into the generated code as a comment.
IsERTTarget	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
IsPILTarget	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
LaunchReport off , on	Real-Time Workshop > General > Launch report after code generation completes	Display the HTML report after code generation completes.
LifeSpan (EC) <i>string</i>	Optimization > Application lifespan (days)	Optimize the size of counters used to compute absolute and elapsed time, using the specified application life span value.
LocalBlockOutputs off, on	Optimization > Enable local block outputs	Declare block outputs in local (function) scope wherever possible to reduce global RAM usage.
LogVarNameModifier none , rt_, _rt	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > MAT-file variable name modifier	Augment the MAT-file variable name.
MakeCommand <i>string - make_rtw</i>	Real-Time Workshop > General > Make command	Specify the make command and optional arguments to be used to generate an executable for the model.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
MangleLength slint - 1	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Minimum mangle length	Specify the minimum number of characters to be used for name mangling strings generated and applied to symbols to avoid name collisions. A larger value reduces the chance of identifier disturbance when you modify the model.
MatFileLogging (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > MAT-file logging	Generate code that logs data to a MATLAB .mat file.
MaxIdLength slint - 31	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Maximum identifier length	Specify the maximum number of characters that can be used in generated function, type definition, and variable names.
MemSecPackage (EC) <i>string</i> - --- None ---	Real-Time Workshop > Memory Sections > Package	Specify the package that contains the memory sections that you want to apply.
MemSecFuncInitTerm (EC) <i>string</i> - Default	Real-Time Workshop > Memory Sections > Initialize/Terminate	Apply memory sections to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initialize/Start functions • Terminate functions

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
MemSecFuncExecute (EC) <i>string</i> - Default	Real-Time Workshop > Memory Sections > Execution	Apply memory sections to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Step functions • Run-time initialization functions • Derivative functions • Enable functions • Disable functions
MemSecDataConstants (EC) <i>string</i> - Default	Real-Time Workshop > Memory Sections > Constants	Apply memory sections to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Constant parameters • Constant block I/O • Zero representation
MemSecDataIO (EC) <i>string</i> - Default	Real-Time Workshop > Memory Sections > Inputs/Outputs	Apply memory sections to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Root inputs • Root outputs
MemSecDataInternal (EC) <i>string</i> - Default	Real-Time Workshop > Memory Sections > Internal data	Apply memory sections to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Block I/O • D-work vectors • Run-time model • Zero-crossings
MemSecDataParameters (EC) <i>string</i> - Default	Real-Time Workshop > Memory Sections > Parameters	Apply memory sections to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parameters

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
ModelReferenceCompliant	Not available	Set in selectcallback for a target to indicate whether the target supports model reference.
ModuleName (EC) <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > Placement > Module name	Specify the name of the module that owns this model.
ModuleNamingRule (EC) Unspecified , SameAsModel, UserSpecified	Real-Time Workshop > Data Placement > Module naming	Specify the rule to be used for naming the module.
MultiInstanceErrorCode (EC) None, Warning, Error	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Reusable code error diagnostic	Specify the error diagnostic behavior for cases when data defined in the model violates the requirements for generation of reusable code.
MultiInstanceERTCode (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Reusable code error diagnostic	Specify the error diagnostic behavior for cases when data defined in the model violates the requirements for generation of reusable code.
NoFixptDivByZeroProtection (Fixed-Point Toolbox) off , on	Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions	Suppress generation of code that guards against division by zero for fixed-point data.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
OptimizeModelRefInitCode (EC) off , on	Optimization > Optimize initialization code for model reference	Suppress generation of initialization code to accommodate the case where this model is referred to by a subsystem that resets its states when enabled. Select this option if the model will never be referred to by such a subsystem. Simulink reports an error if this constraint is violated, in which case you can disable this optimization.
ParamNamingFcn	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ParamNamingRule (EC) None , UpperCase, LowerCase, Custom	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Parameter naming	Select a rule that changes spelling of all parameter names.
ParamTuneLevel (EC) slint - 10	Real-Time Workshop > Data Placement > Parameter tune level	Specify whether the code generator is to declare a parameter data object as tunable global data in the generated code.
PostCodeGenCommand string	Not available	Add the specified post code generation command to the model's build process.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
PrefixModelToSubsysFcnNames off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Prefix model name to global identifiers	Add the model name as a prefix to subsystem function names for all code formats. When appropriate for the code format, also add the model name as a prefix to top-level functions and data structures. This prevents compiler errors due to name clashes when combining multiple models.
PreserveName	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
PreserveNameWithParent	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ProcessScript	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ProcessScriptMode	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
ProfileTLC off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Debug > Profile TLC	Profile the execution time of each TLC file used to generate code for this model in HTML format.
PurelyIntegerCode (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > floating-point numbers	Support floating-point data types in the generated code. This option is forced on when SupportNonInlinedSFcns is on.
RTWCAPIParams off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Parameters in C API	Generate parameter tuning structures in C API.
RTWCAPISignals off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Signals in C API	Generate signal structure in C API.
RTWCAPISates	Not available	For MathWorks use only.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
RTWVerbose off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Debug > Verbose build	Display messages indicating code generation stages and compiler output.
ReqsInCode (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Requirements in block comments	Include specified requirements in the generated code as a comment.
RetainRTWFile off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Debug > Retain .rtw file	Retain the <i>model.rtw</i> file in the current build directory.
RollThreshold slint - 5	Optimization > Loop unrolling threshold	Specify the minimum signal width for which a for loop is to be generated.
RootIOFormat (EC) Individual arguments , Structure reference	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Pass root-level I/O as	Specify how the code generator is to pass root-level I/O data into a reusable function.
RSIM_STORAGE_CLASS_AUTO	Real-Time Workshop > RSim Target > Force storage classes to AUTO	Force all storage classes for a model to Auto.
SaveLog off , on	Real-Time Workshop > General > Save build log	Save build log.
SFDataObjDesc (EC) off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Stateflow object descriptions	Insert Stateflow object descriptions into the generated code as a comment.
ShowEliminatedStatement off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Show eliminated statements	Show eliminated statements as comments in the generated code.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
SignalDisplayLevel (EC) slint - 10	Real-Time Workshop > Data Placement > Signal display level	Specify whether the code generator is to declare a signal data object as global data in the generated code.
SignalLabelMismatchMsg None, Warning, Error	Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signal label mismatch	Specify the diagnostic action to take when a signal label mismatch occurs.
SignalNamingFcn	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
SignalNamingRule (EC) None, UpperCase, LowerCase, Custom	Real-Time Workshop > Symbols > Signal naming	Specify a rule the code generator is to use that changes spelling of all signal names.
SimulinkBlockComments off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Simulink block comments	Insert Simulink block names as comments above the generated code for each block.
SimulinkDataObjDesc (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Comments > Simulink data object descriptions	Insert Simulink data object descriptions into the generated code as comments.
StateBitsets (Stateflow) off, on	Optimization > Use bit sets for storing state configuration	Use bit sets for storing state configuration.
SupportAbsoluteTime (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > absolute time	Support absolute time in the generated code. Blocks such as the Discrete Integrator might require absolute time.
SupportComplex (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > complex numbers	Support complex data types in the generated code.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
SupportContinuousTime (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > continuous time	Support continuous time in the generated code. This allows blocks to be configured with a continuous sample time. Not available if SuppressErrorStatus is on.
SupportNonFinite (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > nonfinite numbers	Support nonfinite values (inf, nan, -inf) in the generated code. This option is forced on when SupportNonInlinedSFcns is on.
SupportNonInlinedSFcns off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > noninlined S-functions	Support S-functions that have not been inlined with a TLC file. Inlined S-functions generate the most efficient code.
SuppressErrorStatus (EC) off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Suppress error status in real-time model data structure	Remove the error status field of the real-time model data structure to preserve memory. When on, SupportContinuousTime is off.
SystemCodeInlineAuto	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
SystemTargetFile string	Real-Time Workshop > General > System target file	Specify a system target file.
TargetBitPerChar slint - 8	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > char	Specify the number of bits used to represent the C/C++ type char.
TargetBitPerInt slint - 32	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > int	Specify the number of bits used to represent the C/C++ type int.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
TargetBitPerLong slint - 32	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > long	Specify the number of bits used to represent the C/C++ type long.
TargetBitPerShort slint - 16	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > short	Specify the number of bits used to represent the C/C++ type short.
TargetEndianess Unspecified , LittleEndian, BigEndian	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > Byte ordering	Specify whether the byte ordering of the target is Big Endian (most significant byte first) or Little Endian (least significant byte first). If left unspecified, Real-Time Workshop generates executable code to compute the result.
TargetFcnLib	Not available	For MathWorks use only.
TargetHWDeviceType <i>string</i>	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > Device type	Specify a predefined hardware device to define the C or C++ language constraints for your microprocessor or Custom if your microprocessor is not listed. Specify the string "MATLAB Host Computer" to target the current MATLAB host machine.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
TargetIntDivRoundTo Zero, Floor, Undefined	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > Signed integer division rounds to	Specify how your C/C++ compiler rounds the result of dividing two signed integers. This information enables the code generator to generate efficient C or C++ code from the model.
TargetLang C, C++	Real-Time Workshop > Language	Specify whether Real-Time Workshop is to generate C or C++ code.
TargetLibSuffix <i>string</i>	Not available	Control the suffix used for naming a target's dependent libraries (for example, <code>_target.a</code>). An example of when you might use this is for generated model reference libraries. If you do not set this parameter, on a Windows system, you get <code>modelName_rtwlib.lib</code> and on a UNIX system, you get <code>modelName_rtwlib.a</code> .

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
TargetOS (EC) BareBoardExample , VxWorksExample	Real-Time Workshop > Templates > Target operating system	Specify the target operating system for the example main ert_main.c or ert_main.cpp. BareBoardExample is a generic example that assumes no operating system. VxWorksExample is tailored to the VxWorks real-time operating system.
TargetPreCompLibLocation <i>string</i>	Not available	Control the location of precompiled libraries. If you do not set this parameter, Real-Time Workshop uses the location specified in rtwmakecfg.m.
TargetPreprocMaxBitsSint int - 128	Not available	Specify the maximum number of bits that the target C preprocessor can use for signed integer math.
TargetPreprocMaxBitsUint int - 128	Not available	Specify the maximum number of bits that the target C preprocessor can use for unsigned integer math.
TargetShiftRightIntArith off, on	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > Shift right on a signed integer as arithmetic shift	Specify that your C/C++ compiler implements a right shift of a signed integer as an arithmetic right shift. Virtually all compilers do this.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
TargetTypeEmulationWarn SuppressLevel int - 0	Not available	When greater than or equal to 2, suppress warning messages that Real-Time Workshop displays when emulating integer sizes in rapid prototyping environments.
TargetWordSize slint - 32	Hardware Implementation > Emulation hardware > native word size	Specify the number of bits that the target processor can process at one time. Providing the processor's native word size allows for more efficient code to be generated when converting the endian byte order of data types.
TemplateMakefile string - grt_default_tmf	Real-Time Workshop > General > Template makefile	Specify the current template makefile for building a Real-Time Workshop target.
TLCAssert off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Debug > Enable TLC assertion	Produce a TLC stack trace when the argument to the assert directives evaluates to false.
TLCCoverage off, on	Real-Time Workshop > Debug > Start TLC coverage when generating code	Generate .log files containing the number of times each line of TLC code is executed during code generation.

Parameter and Values	Configuration Parameters Dialog Box Equivalent	Description
TLCDebug off , on	Real-Time Workshop > Debug > Start TLC debugger when generating code	Start the TLC debugger during code generation at the beginning of the TLC program. TLC breakpoint statements automatically invoke the TLC debugger regardless of this setting.
TLCOptions <i>string</i>	Real-Time Workshop > General > TLC options	Specify additional TLC command line options.
UseTempVars (Stateflow) off , on	Optimization > Minimize array reads using temporary variables	Minimize array reads in global memory by using temporary variables.
UtilityFuncGeneration Auto , Shared location	Real-Time Workshop > Interface > Utility function generation	Specify where utility functions are to be generated.
ZeroExternalMemoryAt Startup (EC) off, on	Optimization > Remove root level I/O zero initialization	Suppress code that initializes root-level I/O data structures to zero.
ZeroInternalMemoryAt Startup (EC) off, on	Optimization > Remove internal state zero initialization	Suppress code that initializes global data structures (for example, block I/O data structures) to zero.

Functions — By Category

Build Information (p. 2-2)

Functions for setting up and managing a model's build information

Rapid Simulation (p. 2-4)

Function for getting a model's parameter structures

Target Language Compiler Library (p. 2-5)

Functions for optimizing code generated for a model's blocks

Build Information

<code>addCompileFlags</code>	Add compiler options to model's build information
<code>addDefines</code>	Add preprocessor macro definitions to model's build information
<code>addIncludeFiles</code>	Add include files to model's build information
<code>addIncludePaths</code>	Add include paths to model's build information
<code>addLinkFlags</code>	Add link options to model's build information
<code>addLinkObjects</code>	Add link objects to model's build information
<code>addSourceFiles</code>	Add source files to model's build information
<code>addSourcePaths</code>	Add source paths to model's build information
<code>getCompileFlags</code>	Compiler options from model's build information
<code>getDefines</code>	Preprocessor macro definitions from model's build information
<code>getIncludeFiles</code>	Include files from model's build information
<code>getIncludePaths</code>	Include paths from model's build information
<code>getLinkFlags</code>	Link options from model's build information
<code>getSourceFiles</code>	Source files from model's build information
<code>getSourcePaths</code>	Source paths from model's build information

<code>updateFilePathsAndExtensions</code>	Update files in model's build information with missing paths and file extensions
<code>updateFileSeparator</code>	Change file separator used in model's build information

Rapid Simulation

`rsimgetrtp`

Model's global parameter structure

Target Language Compiler Library

See “TLC Function Library Reference” in the Real-Time Workshop Target Language Compiler documentation.

Functions — Alphabetical List

addCompileFlags

Purpose Add compiler options to model's build information

Syntax `addCompileFlags(buildinfo, options, groups)`
groups is optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by `RTW.Buildinfo`.

options
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies the compiler options to be added to the build information. The function adds each option to the end of a compiler option vector. If you specify multiple options within a single character array, for example `'-Zi -Wall'`, the function adds the string to the vector as a single element. For example, if you add `'-Zi -Wall'` and then `'-O3'`, the vector consists of two elements, as shown below.

```
'-Zi -Wall'    '-O3'
```

groups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that groups specified compiler options. You can use groups to

- Document the use of specific compiler options
- Retrieve or apply collections of compiler options

You can apply

- A single group name to a compiler option
- A single group name to multiple compiler options
- Multiple group names to collections of compiler options

To...	Specify groups as a...
Apply one group name to all compiler options	Character array. To specify compiler options to be used in the standard Real-Time Workshop makefile build process, specify the character array 'OPTS' or 'OPT_OPTS'.
Apply different group names to compiler options	Cell array of character arrays such that the number of group names matches the number of elements you specify for <i>options</i> . Available for nonmakefile build environments only.

Description

The `addCompileFlags` function adds specified compiler options to the model's build information. Real-Time Workshop stores the compiler options in a vector. The function adds options to the end of the vector based on the order in which you specify them.

In addition to the required *buildinfo* and *options* arguments, you can use an optional *groups* argument to group your options.

Examples

- Add the compiler option `-O3` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the option in the group `MemOpt`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo, '-O3', 'MemOpt');
```

- Add the compiler options `-Zi` and `-Wall` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the options in the group `Debug`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo, '-Zi -Wall', 'Debug');
```

addCompileFlags

- Add the compiler options `-Zi`, `-Wall`, and `-O3` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`. Place the options `-Zi` and `-Wall` in the group `Debug` and option `-O3` in the group `MemOpt`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'-Zi -Wall' ' -O3'},  
{'Debug' 'MemOpt'});
```

See Also

`addDefines`, `addLinkFlags`
“Programming a Post Code Generation
Command”

Purpose Add preprocessor macro definitions to model's build information

Syntax `addDefines(buildinfo, iddefs, groups)`
groups is optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by `RTW.Buildinfo`.

iddefs
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies the preprocessor macro definitions to be added to the object. The function adds each definition to the end of a compiler option vector. If you specify multiple definitions within a single character array, for example `'-DRT -DDEBUG'`, the function adds the string to the vector as a single element. For example, if you add `'-DPROTO -DDEBUG'` and then `'-DPRODUCTION'`, the vector consists of two elements, as shown below.

```
'-DPROTO -DDEBUG'      '-DPRODUCTION'
```

groups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that groups specified definitions. You can use groups to

- Document the use of specific macro definitions
- Retrieve or apply groups of macro definitions

You can apply

- A single group name to an macro definition
- A single group name to multiple macro definitions
- Multiple group names to collections of multiple macro definitions

addDefines

To...	Specify groups as a...
Apply one group name to all macro definitions	Character array. To specify macro definitions to be used in the standard Real-Time Workshop makefile build process, specify the character array 'OPTS' or 'OPT_OPTS'.
Apply different group names to macro definitions	Cell array of character arrays such that the number of group names matches the number elements you specify for <i>iddefs</i> . Available for nonmakefile build environments only.

Description

The `addDefines` function adds specified preprocessor macro definitions to the model's build information. Real-Time Workshop stores the definitions in a vector. The function adds definitions to the end of the vector based on the order in which you specify them.

In addition to the required *buildinfo* and *iddefs* arguments, you can use an optional *groups* argument to group your options.

Examples

- Add the macro definition `-DPRODUCTION` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the definition in the group `Release`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addDefines(myModelBuildInfo, '-DPRODUCTION', 'Release');
```

- Add the macro definitions `-DPROTO` and `-DDEBUG` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the definitions in the group `Debug`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addDefines(myModelBuildInfo, '-DPROTO -DDEBUG', 'Debug');
```

- Add the compiler definitions -DPROTO, -DDEBUG, and -DPRODUCTION, to build information myModelBuildInfo. Group the definitions -DPROTO and -DDEBUG with the string Debug and the definition -DPRODUCTION with the string Release.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addDefines(myModelBuildInfo, {'-DPROTO -DDEBUG '  
'-DPRODUCTION'}, {'Debug' 'Release'});
```

See Also

addCompileFlags, addLinkFlags
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

addIncludeFiles

Purpose Add include files to model's build information

Syntax `addIncludeFiles(buildinfo, filenames, paths, groups)`
paths and *groups* are optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by `RTW.Buildinfo`.

filenames
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies names of include files to be added to the build information. The function adds the filenames to the end of a vector in the order that you specify them.

The function removes duplicate include file entries that

- You specify as input
- Already exist in the include file vector
- Have a path that matches the path of a matching filename

A duplicate entry consists of an exact match of a path string and corresponding filename.

paths (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies paths to the include files. The function adds the paths to the end of a vector in the order that you specify them. If you specify a single path as a character array, the function uses that path for all files.

groups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that groups specified include files. You can use groups to

- Document the use of specific include files
- Retrieve or apply groups of include files

You can apply

- A single group name to an include file
- A single group name to multiple include files
- Multiple group names to collections of multiple include files

To...	Specify groups as a...
Apply one group name to all include files	Character array.
Apply different group names to include files	Cell array of character arrays such that the number of group names that you specify matches the number of elements you specify for <i>filenames</i> .

Description

The `addIncludeFiles` function adds specified include files to the model's build information. Real-Time Workshop stores the include files in a vector. The function adds the filenames to the end of the vector in the order that you specify them.

In addition to the required *buildinfo* and *filenames* arguments, you can specify optional *paths* and *groups* arguments. You can specify each optional argument as a character array or a cell array of character arrays.

If You Specify an Optional Argument as a...	The Function...
Character array	Applies the character array to all include files it adds to the build information
Cell array of character arrays	Pairs each character array with a specified include file. Thus, the length of the cell array must match the length of the cell array you specify for <i>filenames</i> .

addIncludeFiles

If you choose to specify *groups*, but omit *paths*, specify a null string ('') for *paths*.

Examples

- Add the include file `mytypes.h` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the file in the group `SysFiles`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludeFiles(myModelBuildInfo, ...
    'mytypes.h', 'SysFiles');
```

- Add the include files `etc.h` and `etc_private.h` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the files in the group `AppFiles`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludeFiles(myModelBuildInfo, ...
    {'etc.h' 'etc_private.h'}, 'AppFiles');
```

- Add the include files `etc.h`, `etc_private.h`, and `mytypes.h` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`. Group the files `etc.h` and `etc_private.h` with the string `AppFiles` and the file `mytypes.h` with the string `SysFiles`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludeFiles(myModelBuildInfo, ...
    {'etc.h' 'etc_private.h' 'mytypes.h'}, ...
    {'AppFiles' 'AppFiles' 'SysFiles'});
```

See Also

`addIncludePaths`, `addSourceFiles`, `addSourcePaths`,
`updateFilePathsAndExtensions`, `updateFileSeparator`
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

Purpose	Add include paths to model's build information
Syntax	<code>addIncludePaths(<i>buildinfo</i>, <i>paths</i>, <i>groups</i>)</code> <i>groups</i> is optional.
Arguments	<p><i>buildinfo</i> Build information returned by <code>RTW.Buildinfo</code>.</p> <p><i>paths</i> A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies include file paths to be added to the build information. The function adds the paths to the end of a vector in the order that you specify them.</p> <p>The function removes duplicate include file entries that</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• You specify as input• Already exist in the include path vector• Have a path that matches the path of a matching filename <p>A duplicate entry consists of an exact match of a path string and corresponding filename.</p> <p><i>groups</i> (optional) A character array or cell array of character arrays that groups specified include paths. You can use groups to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Document the use of specific include paths• Retrieve or apply groups of include paths <p>You can apply</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• A single group name to an include path• A single group name to multiple include paths• Multiple group names to collections of multiple include paths

addIncludePaths

To...	Specify groups as a...
Apply one group name to all include paths	Character array.
Apply different group names to include paths	Cell array of character arrays such that the number of group names that you specify matches the number of elements you specify for <i>paths</i> .

Description

The `addIncludePaths` function adds specified include paths to the model's build information. Real-Time Workshop stores the include paths in a vector. The function adds the paths to the end of the vector in the order that you specify them.

In addition to the required *buildinfo* and *paths* arguments, you can specify an optional *groups* argument. You can specify *groups* as a character array or a cell array of character arrays.

If You Specify an Optional Argument as a...	The Function...
Character array	Applies the character array to all include paths it adds to the build information.
Cell array of character arrays	Pairs each character array with a specified include path. Thus, the length of the cell array must match the length of the cell array you specify for <i>paths</i> .

Examples

- Add the include path `/etcproj/etc/etc_build` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludePaths(myModelBuildInfo,...
    '/etcproj/etc/etc_build');
```

- Add the include paths `/etcproj/etclib` and `/etcproj/etc/etc_build` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the files in the group `etc`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludePaths(myModelBuildInfo,...
    {'/etcproj/etclib' '/etcproj/etc/etc_build'}, 'etc');
```

- Add the include paths `/etcproj/etclib`, `/etcproj/etc/etc_build`, and `/common/lib` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`. Group the paths `/etc/proj/etclib` and `/etcproj/etc/etc_build` with the string `etc` and the path `/common/lib` with the string `shared`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludePaths(myModelBuildInfo,...
    {'/etc/proj/etclib' '/etcproj/etc/etc_build'...
    '/common/lib'}, {'etc' 'etc' 'shared'});
```

See Also

`addIncludeFiles`, `addSourceFiles`, `addSourcePaths`, `updateFilePathsAndExtensions`, `updateFileSeparator`
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

addLinkFlags

Purpose Add link options to model's build information

Syntax `addLinkFlags(buildinfo, options, groups)`
groups is optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by `RTW.Buildinfo`.

options
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies the linker options to be added to the build information. The function adds each option to the end of a linker option vector. If you specify multiple options within a single character array, for example `'-MD -Gy'`, the function adds the string to the vector as a single element. For example, if you add `'-MD -Gy'` and then `'-T'`, the vector consists of two elements, as shown below.

```
'-MD -Gy'    '-T'
```

groups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that groups specified linker options. You can use groups to

- Document the use of specific linker options
- Retrieve or apply groups of linker options

You can apply

- A single group name to a compiler option
- A single group name to multiple compiler options
- Multiple group names to collections of multiple compiler options

To...	Specify <i>groups</i> as a...
Apply one group name to all linker options	Character array. To specify linker options to be used in the standard Real-Time Workshop makefile build process, specify the character array 'OPTS' or 'OPT_OPTS'.
Apply different group names to linker options	Cell array of character arrays such that the number of group names matches the number of elements you specify for <i>options</i> . Available for nonmakefile build environments only.

Description

The `addLinkFlags` function adds specified linker options to the model's build information. Real-Time Workshop stores the linker options in a vector. The function adds options to the end of the vector based on the order in which you specify them.

In addition to the required *buildinfo* and *options* arguments, you can use an optional *groups* argument to group your options.

Examples

- Add the linker `-T` option to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the option in the group `Temp`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo, '-T', 'Temp');
```

- Add the linker options `-MD` and `-Gy` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the options in the group `Debug`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo, '-MD -Gy', 'Debug');
```

addLinkFlags

- Add the linker options -MD, -Gy, and -T to build information myModelBuildInfo. Place the options -MD and -Gy in the group Debug and the option -T in the groupTemp.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'-MD -Gy' '-T'},  
{'Debug' 'Temp'});
```

See Also

addCompileFlags, addDefines
“Programming a Post Code Generation
Command”

Purpose

Add link objects to model's build information

Syntax

```
addLinkObjects(buildinfo, linkobjs, paths, priority,  
precompiled, linkonly, groups)
```

All arguments except *buildinfo*, *linkobjs*, and *paths* are optional.

Arguments

buildinfo

Build information returned by RTW.Buildinfo.

linkobjs

A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies the filenames of linkable objects to be added to the build information. The function adds the filenames that you specify in the function call to a vector that stores the object filenames in priority order. If you specify multiple objects that have the same priority (see *priority* below), the function adds them to the vector based on the order in which you specify the object filenames in the cell array.

The function removes duplicate link objects that

- You specify as input
- Already exist in the linkable object filename vector
- Have a path that matches the path of a matching linkable object filename

A duplicate entry consists of an exact match of a path string and corresponding linkable object filename.

paths (optional)

A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies paths to the linkable objects. If you specify a character array, the path string applies to all linkable objects.

addLinkObjects

priority (optional)

A numeric value or vector of numeric values that indicates the relative priority of each specified link object. Lower values have higher priority. The default priority is 1000.

precompiled (optional)

The logical value true or false or a vector of logical values that indicates whether each specified link object is precompiled.

linkonly (optional)

The logical value true or false or a vector of logical values that indicates whether each specified link object is to be only linked. If you set this argument to false, the function also adds a rule to the makefile for building the objects.

groups (optional)

A character array or cell array of character arrays that groups specified link objects. You can use groups to

- Document the use of specific link objects
- Retrieve or apply groups of link objects

You can apply

- A single group name to a linkable object
- A single group name to multiple linkable objects
- Multiple group name to collections of multiple linkable objects

To...	Specify groups a...
Apply one group name to all link objects	Character array.
Apply different group names to link objects	Cell array of character arrays such that the number of group names matches the number elements you specify for <i>linkobjs</i> .

Description

The `addLinkObjects` function adds specified link objects to the model's build information. Real-Time Workshop stores the link objects in a vector in relative priority order. If multiple objects have the same priority or you do not specify priorities, the function adds the objects to the vector based on the order in which you specify them.

In addition to the required *buildinfo* and *linkobjs* arguments, you can specify any combination of the optional arguments *paths*, *priority*, *precompiled*, *linkable*, and *groups*. You can specify *paths* and *groups* as a character array or a cell array of character arrays.

If You Specify <i>paths</i> or <i>groups</i> as a...	The Function...
Character array	Applies the character array to all objects it adds to the build information.
Cell array of character arrays	Pairs each character array with a specified object. Thus, the length of the cell array must match the length of the cell array you specify for <i>linkobjs</i> .

Similarly, you can specify *priority*, *precompiled*, and *linkable* as a value or vector of values.

If You Specify <i>priority</i> , <i>precompiled</i> , or <i>linkable</i> as a...	The Function...
Value	Applies the value to all objects it adds to the build information.
Vector of values	Pairs each value with a specified object. Thus, the length of the vector must match the length of the cell array you specify for <i>linkobjs</i> .

addLinkObjects

For any optional argument you choose to omit between *linkobjs* and any other argument, specify a null string (' '). For example, to specify that all objects are precompiled, without specifying paths or priorities, you might call `addLinkObjects` as

```
addLinkObjects(myBuildInfo, {'test1' 'test2' 'test3'},...
               ' ', ' ', true);
```

Examples

- Add the linkable objects `libobj1` and `libobj2` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and set the priorities of the objects to 26 and 10, respectively. Since `libobj2` is assigned the lower numeric priority value, and thus has the higher priority, the function orders the objects such that `libobj2` precedes `libobj1` in the vector.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addLinkObjects(myModelBuildInfo, {'libobj1' 'libobj2'},...
               {'/proj/lib/lib1' '/proj/lib/lib2'}, [26 10]);
```

- Add the linkable objects `libobj1` and `libobj2` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`. Mark both objects as linkable. Since priorities are not specified, the function adds the objects to the vector in the order specified.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addLinkObjects(myModelBuildInfo, {'libobj1' 'libobj2'},...
               {'/proj/lib/lib1' '/proj/lib/lib2'}, [26 10],...
               false, true);
```

- Add the linkable objects `libobj1` and `libobj2` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`. Set the priorities of the objects to 26 and 10, respectively. Mark both objects as precompiled, but not linkable, and group them `MyTest`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addLinkObjects(myModelBuildInfo, {'libobj1' 'libobj2'},...
               {'/proj/lib/lib1' '/proj/lib/lib2'}, [26 10],...
               true, false, 'MyTest');
```

See Also “Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

addSourceFiles

Purpose Add source files to model's build information

Syntax `addSourceFiles(buildinfo, filenames, paths, groups)`
paths and *groups* are optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by `RTW.Buildinfo`.

filenames
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies names of the source files to be added to the build information. The function adds the filenames to the end of a vector in the order that you specify them.

The function removes duplicate source file entries that

- You specify as input
- Already exist in the source file vector
- Have a path that matches the path of a matching filename

A duplicate entry consists of an exact match of a path string and corresponding filename.

paths (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies paths to the source files. The function adds the paths to the end of a vector in the order that you specify them. If you specify a single path as a character array, the function uses that path for all files.

groups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that groups specified source files. You can use groups to

- Document the use of specific source files
- Retrieve or apply groups of source files

You can apply

- A single group name to a source file
- A single group name to multiple source files
- Multiple group names to collections of multiple source files

To...	Specify group as a...
Apply one group name to all source files	Character array.
Apply different group names to source files	Cell array of character arrays such that the number of group names that you specify matches the number of elements you specify for <i>filenames</i> .

Description

The `addSourceFiles` function adds specified source files to the model's build information. Real-Time Workshop stores the source files in a vector. The function adds the filenames to the end of the vector in the order that you specify them.

In addition to the required *buildinfo* and *filenames* arguments, you can specify optional *paths* and *groups* arguments. You can specify each optional argument as a character array or a cell array of character arrays.

If You Specify an Optional Argument as a...	The Function...
Character array	Applies the character array to all source files it adds to the build information.
Cell array of character arrays	Pairs each character array with a specified source file. Thus, the length of the cell array must match the length of the cell array you specify for <i>filenames</i> .

addSourceFiles

If you choose to specify *groups*, but omit *paths*, specify a null string ('') for *paths*.

Examples

- Add the source file `driver.c` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the file in the group `Drivers`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, 'driver.c', ...
'Drivers');
```

- Add the source files `test1.c` and `test2.c` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the files in the group `Tests`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, ...
{'test1.c' 'test2.c'}, 'Tests');
```

- Add the source files `test1.c`, `test2.c`, and `driver.c` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`. Group the files `test1.c` and `test2.c` with the string `Tests` and the file `driver.c` with the string `Drivers`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, ...
{'test1.c' 'test2.c' 'driver.c'}, ...
{'Tests' 'Tests' 'Drivers'});
```

See Also

`addIncludeFiles`, `addIncludePaths`, `addSourcePaths`,
`updateFilePathsAndExtensions`, `updateFileSeparator`
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

Purpose Add source paths to model's build information

Syntax `addSourcePaths(buildinfo, paths, groups)`
groups is optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by `RTW.Buildinfo`.

paths
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies source file paths to be added to the build information. The function adds the paths to the end of a vector in the order that you specify them.

The function removes duplicate source file entries that

- You specify as input
- Already exist in the source path vector
- Have a path that matches the path of a matching filename

A duplicate entry consists of an exact match of a path string and corresponding filename.

Note Real-Time Workshop does not check whether a specified path string is valid.

groups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that groups specified source paths. You can use groups to

- Document the use of specific source paths
- Retrieve or apply groups of source paths

addSourcePaths

You can apply

- A single group name to a source path
- A single group name to multiple source paths
- Multiple group names to collections of multiple source paths

To...	Specify groups as a...
Apply one group name to all source paths	Character array.
Apply different group names to source paths	Cell array of character arrays such that the number of group names that you specify matches the number of elements you specify for <i>paths</i> .

Description

The `addSourcePaths` function adds specified source paths to the model's build information. Real-Time Workshop stores the source paths in a vector. The function adds the paths to the end of the vector in the order that you specify them.

In addition to the required *buildinfo* and *paths* arguments, you can specify an optional *groups* argument. You can specify *groups* as a character array or a cell array of character arrays.

If You Specify an Optional Argument as a...	The Function...
Character array	Applies the character array to all source paths it adds to the build information.
Cell array of character arrays	Pairs each character array with a specified source path. Thus, the length of the character array or cell array must match the length of the cell array you specify for <i>paths</i> .

Note Real-Time Workshop does not check whether a specified path string is valid.

Examples

- Add the source path `/etcproj/etc/etc_build` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo,...
    '/etcproj/etc/etc_build');
```

- Add the source paths `/etcproj/etclib` and `/etcproj/etc/etc_build` to build information `myModelBuildInfo` and place the files in the group `etc`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo,...
    {'/etcproj/etclib' '/etcproj/etc/etc_build'}, 'etc');
```

- Add the source paths `/etcproj/etclib`, `/etcproj/etc/etc_build`, and `/common/lib` to build information `myModelBuildInfo`. Group the paths `/etc/proj/etclib` and `/etcproj/etc/etc_build` with the string `etc` and the path `/common/lib` with the string `shared`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo,...
    {'/etc/proj/etclib' '/etcproj/etc/etc_build'...
    '/common/lib'}, {'etc' 'etc' 'shared'});
```

See Also

`addIncludeFiles`, `addIncludePaths`, `addSourceFiles`,
`updateFilePathsAndExtensions`, `updateFileSeparator`
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

getCompileFlags

Purpose	Compiler options from model's build information
Syntax	<pre>options=getCompileFlags(buildinfo, includeGroups, excludeGroups)</pre> <p><i>includeGroups</i> and <i>excludeGroups</i> are optional.</p>
Arguments	<p><i>buildinfo</i> Build information returned by RTW.BuildInfo.</p> <p><i>includeGroups</i> (optional) A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of compiler flags you want the function to return.</p> <p><i>excludeGroups</i> (optional) A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of compiler flags you do not want the function to return.</p>
Returns	Compiler options stored in the model's build information.
Description	<p>The <code>getCompileFlags</code> function returns compiler options stored in the model's build information. Using optional <i>includeGroups</i> and <i>excludeGroups</i> arguments, you can selectively include or exclude groups of options the function returns.</p> <p>If you choose to specify <i>excludeGroups</i> and omit <i>includeGroups</i>, specify a null string (' ') for <i>includeGroups</i>.</p>
Examples	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Get all compiler options stored in build information <code>myModelBuildInfo</code>. <pre>myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo; addCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'-Zi -Wall' '-O3'},... {'Debug' 'MemOpt'});</pre>

```
compflags=getCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo);  
compflags
```

```
compflags =  
    '-Zi -Wall'    '-03'
```

- Get the compiler options stored with the group name Debug in build information myModelBuildInfo.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'-Zi -Wall' '-03'},...  
    {'Debug' 'MemOpt'});  
compflags=getCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo, 'Debug');  
compflags
```

```
compflags =  
    '-Zi -Wall'
```

- Get all compiler options stored in build information myModelBuildInfo except those with the group name Debug.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;  
addCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'-Zi -Wall' '-03'},...  
    {'Debug' 'MemOpt'});  
compflags=getCompileFlags(myModelBuildInfo, '', 'Debug');  
compflags
```

```
compflags =  
    '-03'
```

See Also

getDefines, getLinkFlags
“Programming a Post Code Generation
Command”

getDefines

Purpose Preprocessor macro definitions from model's build information

Syntax `[macrodefs, names, values]=getDefines(buildinfo, includeGroups, excludeGroups)`
names, values, includeGroups, and excludeGroups are optional.

Arguments

- buildinfo*
Build information returned by RTW.Buildinfo.
- includeGroups* (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of macro definitions you want the function to return.
- excludeGroups* (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of macro definitions you do not want the function to return.

Returns Preprocessor macro definitions stored in the model's build information. The function returns the macro definitions in three vectors.

Vector	Description
<i>macrodef</i>	Complete macro definitions with -D prefix
<i>identifier</i>	Names of the macros
<i>value</i>	Values assigned to the macros (anything specified to the right of the first equals sign) ; the default is an empty string (' ')

Description

The `getDefines` function returns preprocessor macro definitions stored in the model's build information. When the function returns a definition, it automatically

- Prepends a `-D` to the definition if the `-D` was not specified when the definition was added to the build information
- Changes a lowercase `-d` to `-D`

Using optional *includeGroups* and *excludeGroups* arguments, you can selectively include or exclude groups of definitions the function is to return.

If you choose to specify *excludeGroups* and omit *includeGroups*, specify a null string ('') for *includeGroups*.

Examples

- Get all preprocessor macro definitions stored in build information `myModelBuildInfo`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addDefines(myModelBuildInfo, {'PROTO=first' '-DDEBUG'...
'test' '-dPRODUCTION'}, {'Debug' 'Debug' 'Debug'...
'Release'});
[defs names values]=getDefines(myModelBuildInfo);
defs

defs =

    '-DPROTO=first'    '-DDEBUG'    '-Dtest'    '-DPRODUCTION'

names

names =

    'PROTO'
    'DEBUG'
    'test'
    'PRODUCTION'
```

getDefines

```
values
values =
    'first'
    ''
    ''
    ''
```

- Get the preprocessor macro definitions stored with the group name Debug in build information myModelBuildInfo.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addDefines(myModelBuildInfo, {'PROTO=first' '-DDEBUG'...
'test' '-dPRODUCTION'}, {'Debug' 'Debug' 'Debug'...
'Release'});
[defs names values]=getDefines(myModelBuildInfo, 'Debug');
defs

defs =

    '-DPROTO=first'    '-DDEBUG'    '-Dtest'
```

- Get all preprocessor macro definitions stored in build information myModelBuildInfo except those with the group name Debug.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addDefines(myModelBuildInfo, {'PROTO=first' '-DDEBUG'...
'test' '-dPRODUCTION'}, {'Debug' 'Debug' 'Debug'...
'Release'});
[defs names values]=getDefines(myModelBuildInfo, 'Debug');
defs

defs =

    '-DPRODUCTION'
```

See Also

getCompileFlags, getLinkFlags
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

getIncludeFiles

Purpose Include files from model's build information

Syntax `files=getIncludeFiles(buildinfo, concatenatePaths, replaceMatlabroot, includeGroups, excludeGroups)`
includeGroups and *excludeGroups* are optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by RTW.Buildinfo.

concatenatePaths
The logical value true or false.

If You Specify...	The Function...
true	Concatenates and returns each filename with its corresponding path.
false	Returns only filenames.

replaceMatlabroot
The logical value true or false.

If You Specify...	The Function...
true	Replaces the token \$(MATLAB_ROOT) with the absolute path string for your MATLAB installation directory.
false	Does not replace the token \$(MATLAB_ROOT).

includeGroups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of include files you want the function to return.

excludeGroups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of include files you do not want the function to return.

Returns Names of include files stored in the model's build information.

Description The `getIncludeFiles` function returns the names of include files stored in the model's build information. Use the `concatenatePaths` and `replaceMatlabroot` arguments to control whether the function includes paths and your MATLAB root definition in the output it returns. Using optional `includeGroups` and `excludeGroups` arguments, you can selectively include or exclude groups of include files the function returns.

If you choose to specify `excludeGroups` and omit `includeGroups`, specify a null string ('') for `includeGroups`.

Examples

- Get all include paths and filenames stored in build information `myModelBuildInfo`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludeFiles(myModelBuildInfo, {'etc.h' 'etc_private.h'...
'atypes.h'}, {'/etc/proj/etclib' '/etcproj/etc/etc_build'...
'/common/lib'}, {'etc' 'etc' 'shared'});
incfiles=getIncludeFiles(myModelBuildInfo, true, false);
incfiles
```

```
incfiles =
```

```
          [1x22 char]      [1x36 char]      [1x21 char]
```

getIncludeFiles

- Get the names of include files in group etc that are stored in build information myModelBuildInfo.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludeFiles(myModelBuildInfo, {'etc.h' 'etc_private.h'...
'mytypes.h'}, {'/etc/proj/etclib' '/etcproj/etc/etc_build'...
'/common/lib'}, {'etc' 'etc' 'shared'});
incfiles=getIncludeFiles(myModelBuildInfo, false, false,...
'etc');
incfiles

incfiles =

    'etc.h'    'etc_private.h'
```

See Also

getIncludePaths, getSourceFiles, getSourcePaths
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

Purpose Include paths from model's build information

Syntax `files=getIncludePaths(buildinfo, replaceMatlabroot, includeGroups, excludeGroups)`
includeGroups and *excludeGroups* are optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by RTW.Buildinfo.
replaceMatlabroot
The logical value true or false.

If You Specify...	The Function...
true	Replaces the token \$(MATLAB_ROOT) with the absolute path string for your MATLAB installation directory.
false	Does not replace the token \$(MATLAB_ROOT).

includeGroups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of include paths you want the function to return.

excludeGroups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of include paths you do not want the function to return.

Returns Paths of include files stored in the model's build information.

Description The `getIncludePaths` function returns the names of include file paths stored in the model's build information. Use the *replaceMatlabroot* argument to control whether the function includes your MATLAB root definition in the output it returns. Using optional *includeGroups* and *excludeGroups* arguments, you can selectively include or exclude groups of include file paths the function returns.

getIncludePaths

If you choose to specify *excludeGroups* and omit *includeGroups*, specify a null string (' ') for *includeGroups*.

Examples

- Get all include paths stored in build information myModelBuildInfo.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludePaths(myModelBuildInfo, {'/etc/proj/etclib'...
'/etcproj/etc/etc_build' '/common/lib'},...
{'etc' 'etc' 'shared'});
incpaths=getIncludePaths(myModelBuildInfo, false);
incpaths
```

```
incpaths =
```

```
    '\etc\proj\etclib'    [1x22 char]    '\common\lib'
```

- Get the paths in group shared that are stored in build information myModelBuildInfo.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addIncludePaths(myModelBuildInfo, {'/etc/proj/etclib'...
'/etcproj/etc/etc_build' '/common/lib'},...
{'etc' 'etc' 'shared'});
incpaths=getIncludePaths(myModelBuildInfo, false, 'shared');
incpaths
```

```
incpaths =
```

```
    '\common\lib'
```

See Also

getIncludeFiles, getSourceFiles, getSourcePaths
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

Purpose	Link options from model's build information
Syntax	<code>options=getLinkFlags(buildinfo, includeGroups, excludeGroups)</code> <i>includeGroups</i> and <i>excludeGroups</i> are optional.
Arguments	<p><i>buildinfo</i> Build information returned by RTW.Buildinfo.</p> <p><i>includeGroups</i> (optional) A character array or cell array that specifies groups of linker flags you want the function to return.</p> <p><i>excludeGroups</i> (optional) A character array or cell array that specifies groups of linker flags you do not want the function to return. To exclude groups and not include specific groups, specify an empty cell array (' ') for <i>includeGroups</i>.</p>
Returns	Linker options stored in the model's build information.
Description	<p>The <code>getLinkFlags</code> function returns linker options stored in the model's build information. Using optional <i>includeGroups</i> and <i>excludeGroups</i> arguments, you can selectively include or exclude groups of options the function returns.</p> <p>If you choose to specify <i>excludeGroups</i> and omit <i>includeGroups</i>, specify a null string (' ') for <i>includeGroups</i>.</p>

getLinkFlags

Examples

- Get all linker options stored in build information `myModelBuildInfo`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'-MD -Gy' '-T'},...
{'Debug' 'MemOpt'});
linkflags=getLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo);
linkflags
```

```
linkflags =
    '-MD -Gy'    '-T'
```

- Get the linker options stored with the group name `Debug` in build information `myModelBuildInfo`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'-MD -Gy' '-T'},...
{'Debug' 'MemOpt'});
linkflags=getLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'Debug'});
linkflags
```

```
linkflags =
    '-MD -Gy'
```

- Get all compiler options stored in build information `myModelBuildInfo` except those with the group name `Debug`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo, {'-MD -Gy' '-T'},...
{'Debug' 'MemOpt'});
linkflags=getLinkFlags(myModelBuildInfo, '', {'Debug'});
linkflags
```

```
linkflags =
    '-T'
```

See Also

getCompileFlags, getDefines
“Programming a Post Code Generation
Command”

getSourceFiles

Purpose Source files from model's build information

Syntax `srcfiles=getSourceFiles(buildinfo, concatenatePaths, replaceMatlabroot, includeGroups, excludeGroups)`
includeGroups and *excludeGroups* are optional.

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by RTW.Buildinfo.

concatenatePaths
The logical value true or false.

If You Specify...	The Function...
true	Concatenates and returns each filename with its corresponding path.
false	Returns only filenames.

replaceMatlabroot
The logical value true or false.

If You Specify...	The Function...
true	Replaces the token \$(MATLAB_ROOT) with the absolute path string for your MATLAB installation directory.
false	Does not replace the token \$(MATLAB_ROOT).

includeGroups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of source files you want the function to return.

excludeGroups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of source files you do not want the function to return.

Returns Names of source files stored in the model's build information.

Description The `getSourceFiles` function returns the names of source files stored in the model's build information. Use the `concatenatePaths` and `replaceMatlabroot` arguments to control whether the function includes paths and your MATLAB root definition in the output it returns. Using optional `includeGroups` and `excludeGroups` arguments, you can selectively include or exclude groups of source files the function returns.

If you choose to specify `excludeGroups` and omit `includeGroups`, specify a null string (`'`) for `includeGroups`.

Examples

- Get all source paths and filenames stored in build information `myModelBuildInfo`.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo,...
{'test1.c' 'test2.c' 'driver.c'}, '',...
{'Tests' 'Tests' 'Drivers'});
srcfiles=getSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, false, false);
srcfiles
```

```
srcfiles =
```

```
    'test1.c'    'test2.c'    'driver.c'
```

getSourceFiles

- Get the names of source files in group tests that are stored in build information myModelBuildInfo.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, {'test1.c' 'test2.c'...
'driver.c'}, {'/proj/test1' '/proj/test2'...
'/drivers/src'}, {'tests', 'tests', 'drivers'});
incfiles=getSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, false, false,...
'tests');
incfiles

incfiles =

    'test1.c'    'test2.c'
```

See Also

getIncludeFiles, getIncludePaths, getSourcePaths
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

Purpose Source paths from model's build information

Syntax `files=getSourcePaths(buildinfo, replaceMatlabroot, includeGroups, excludeGroups)`

Arguments *buildinfo*
Build information returned by RTW.Buildinfo.

replaceMatlabroot
The logical value true or false.

If You Specify...	The Function...
true	Replaces the token \$(MATLAB_ROOT) with the absolute path string for your MATLAB installation directory.
false	Does not replace the token \$(MATLAB_ROOT).

includeGroups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of source paths you want the function to return.

excludeGroups (optional)
A character array or cell array of character arrays that specifies groups of source paths you do not want the function to return.

Returns Paths of source files stored in the model's build information.

Description The getSourcePaths function returns the names of source file paths stored in the model's build information. Use the *replaceMatlabroot* argument to control whether the function includes your MATLAB root definition in the output it returns. Using optional *includeGroups* and *excludeGroups* arguments, you can selectively include or exclude groups of source file paths the function returns.

If you choose to specify *excludeGroups* and omit *includeGroups*, specify a null string ('') for *includeGroups*.

getSourcePaths

Examples

- Get all source paths stored in build information myModelBuildInfo.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo, {'/proj/test1'...
'/proj/test2' '/drivers/src'}, {'tests' 'tests'...
'drivers'});
srcpaths=getSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo, false);
srcpaths

srcpaths =

    '\proj\test1'    '\proj\test2'    '\drivers\src'
```

- Get the paths in group tests that are stored in build information myModelBuildInfo.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo, {'/proj/test1'...
'/proj/test2' '/drivers/src'}, {'tests' 'tests'...
'drivers'});
srcpaths=getSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo, true, 'tests');
srcpaths

srcpaths =

    '\proj\test1'    '\proj\test2'
```

- Get a path stored in build information myModelBuildInfo. First get the path without replacing \$(MATLAB_ROOT) with an absolute path, then get it with replacement. The MATLAB root directory in this case is \\myserver\myworkspace\matlab.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo, fullfile(matlabroot,...
'rtw', 'c', 'libsrc'));
srcpaths=getSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo, false);
srcpaths{:}
```

```
ans =  
  
$(MATLAB_ROOT)\rtw\c\libsrc  
  
srcpaths=getSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo, true);  
srcpaths{:}  
  
ans =  
  
\myserver\myworkspace\matlab\rtw\c\libsrc
```

See Also

getIncludeFiles, getIncludePaths, getSourceFiles
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

rsimgetrtp

Purpose	Model's global parameter structure
Syntax	<code>rsimgetrtp(model, option)</code> <i>option</i> is optional.
Arguments	<i>model</i> The model for which you are running the rapid simulations. <i>option</i> (optional) The parameter-value pair 'AddTunableParamInfo' 'value', where <i>value</i> can be 'on' or 'off'. If you set the parameter to 'on', Real-Time Workshop extracts tunable parameter information from the specified model and returns it to <i>param_struct</i> .
Returns	A structure that contains the specified model's parameter structure.
Description	The <code>rsimgetrtp</code> function forces an update diagram action for the specified model and returns a structure that contains the following fields:

Field	Description
modelChecksum	A four-element vector that encodes the structure of the model. Real-Time Workshop uses the checksum to check whether the structure of the model has changed since the RSim executable was generated. If you delete or add a block, and then generate a new <i>model_P</i> vector, the new checksum no longer matches the original checksum. The RSim executable detects this incompatibility in parameter vectors and exits to avoid returning incorrect simulation results. If the model structure changes, you must regenerate the code for the model.
parameters	A structure that contains the model's global parameters.

The parameters substructure includes the following fields:

Field	Description
dataTypeName	The name of the parameter's data type, for example, double
dataTypeID	An internal data type identifier that Real-Time Workshop uses
complex	The value 0 if real and 1 if complex
dtTransIdx	Internal use only
values	A vector of parameter values

If you specify 'AddTunableParamInfo', 'on', Real-Time Workshop creates and then deletes *model.rtw* from your current working directory and includes a map substructure that has the following fields:

Field	Description
Identifier	Parameter name
ValueIndicies	A vector of indicies to the parameter values
Dimensions	A vector indicating the parameter dimensions

To use the AddTunableParamInfo option, you must enable inline parameters.

Examples

Returns the parameter structure for model `rtwdemo_rsimtf` to `param_struct`.

```
rtwdemo_rsimtf
param_struct = rsimgetrtp('rtwdemo_rsimtf')

param_struct =

    modelChecksum: [1.7165e+009 3.0726e+009 2.6061e+009
2.3064e+009]
    parameters: [1x1 struct]
```

See Also

“Creating a MAT-File That Includes a Model’s Parameter Structure”

updateFilePathsAndExtensions

Purpose Update files in model's build information with missing paths and file extensions

Syntax `updateFilePathsAndExtensions(buildinfo, extensions)`
extensions is optional.

Arguments

buildinfo
Build information returned by `RTW.Buildinfo`.

extensions (optional)
A cell array of character arrays that specifies the extensions (file types) of files for which to search and include in the update processing. By default, the function searches for files with a `.c` extension. The function checks files and updates paths and extensions based on the order in which you list the extensions in the cell array. For example, if you specify `{'.c' '.cpp'}` and a directory contains `myfile.c` and `myfile.cpp`, an instance of `myfile` would be updated to `myfile.c`.

Description Using paths that already exist in a model's build information, the `updateFilePathsAndExtensions` function checks whether any file references in the build information need to be updated with a path or file extension. This function can be particularly useful for

- Maintaining build information for a toolchain that requires the use of file extensions
- Updating multiple customized instances of build information for a given model

Examples

- Create the directory path etcproj/etc in your working directory, add files etc.c, test1.c, and test2.c to the directory etc. This example assumes the working directory is w:\work\BuildInfo. From the working directory, update build information myModelBuildInfo with any missing paths or file extensions.

```
myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo;
addSourcePaths(myModelBuildInfo, fullfile(pwd,...
    'etcproj', '/etc'), 'test');
addSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, {'etc' 'test1'...
    'test2'}, '', 'test');
before=getSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, true, true);
before
```

```
before =
```

```
    '\etc'    '\test1'    '\test2'
```

```
updateFilePathsAndExtensions(myModelBuildInfo);
after=getSourceFiles(myModelBuildInfo, true, true);
after{:}
```

```
ans =
```

```
w:\work\BuildInfo\etcproj\etc\etc.c
```

```
ans =
```

```
w:\work\BuildInfo\etcproj\etc\test1.c
```

```
ans =
```

```
w:\work\BuildInfo\etcproj\etc\test2.c
```

updateFilePathsAndExtensions

See Also

addIncludeFiles, addIncludePaths, addSourceFiles,
addSourcePaths, updateFileSeparator
“Programming a Post Code Generation Command”

Purpose	Change file separator used in model's build information
Syntax	<code>updateFilePathsAndExtensions(<i>buildinfo</i>, <i>separator</i>)</code>
Arguments	<p><i>buildinfo</i> Build information returned by <code>RTW.BuildInfo</code>.</p> <p><i>separator</i> A character array that specifies the file separator <code>\</code> (Windows) or <code>/</code> (UNIX) to be applied to all file path specifications.</p>
Description	<p>The <code>updateFilePathsAndExtensions</code> function changes all instances of the current file separator (<code>/</code> or <code>\</code>) in a model's build information to the specified file separator.</p> <p>The default value for the file separator matches the value returned by the MATLAB command <code>filesep</code>. For makefile based builds, you can override the default by defining a separator with the <code>MAKEFILE_FILESEP</code> macro in the template makefile (see "Cross-Compiling Code Generated on Windows"). If the <code>GenerateMakefile</code> parameter is set, Real-Time Workshop overrides the default separator and updates the model's build information after evaluating the <code>PostCodeGenCommand</code> configuration parameter.</p>
Examples	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Update object <code>myModelBuildInfo</code> to apply the Windows file separator. <pre>myModelBuildInfo = RTW.BuildInfo; updateFileSeparator(myModelBuildInfo, '\\');</pre>
See Also	<code>addIncludeFiles</code> , <code>addIncludePaths</code> , <code>addSourceFiles</code> , <code>addSourcePaths</code> , <code>updateFilePathsAndExtensions</code> "Programming a Post Code Generation Command", "Cross-Compiling Code Generated on Windows"

Simulink Block Support

The following table summarizes Real-Time Workshop and Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder support for blocks available in Simulink. The key that follows the table, maps symbols used in the table to represent specific support notes (SNs) regarding caveats, limitations, and suggestions.

For more detail, enter the command `showblockdatatypetable` at the MATLAB command prompt or consult the block reference pages.

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
Additional Math and Discrete: Additional Discrete	Fixed-Point State-Space	SN1
	Transfer Fcn Direct Form II	SN1, SN2
	Transfer Fcn Direct Form II Time Varying	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay Enabled	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay Enabled External IC	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay Enabled Resettable	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay Enabled Resettable External IC	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay External IC	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay Resettable	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay Resettable External IC	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay With Preview Enabled	SN1, SN2
Additional Math and Discrete: Additional Discrete	Unit Delay With Preview Enabled Resettable	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay With Preview Enabled Resettable External RV	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay With Preview Resettable	SN1, SN2
	Unit Delay With Preview Resettable External RV	SN1, SN2
Additional Math and Discrete: Increment/Decrement	Decrement Real World	SN1
	Decrement Stored Integer	SN1

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
	Decrement Time To Zero	—
	Decrement To Zero	SN1
	Increment Real World	SN1
	Increment Stored Integer	SN1
Continuous	Derivative	SN3, SN4
	Integrator	SN3, SN4
	State-Space	SN3, SN4
	Transfer Fcn	SN3, SN4
	Transport Delay	SN3, SN4
	Variable Time Delay	SN3, SN4
	Variable Transport Delay	SN3, SN4
	Zero-Pole	SN3, SN4
Discontinuities	Backlash	SN2
	Coulomb & Viscous Friction	SN1
	Dead Zone	—
	Dead Zone Dynamic	SN1
	Hit Crossing	SN4
	Quantizer	—
	Rate Limiter	SN5
	Rate Limiter Dynamic	SN1, SN5
	Relay	—
	Saturation	—
	Saturation Dynamic	SN1
	Wrap To Zero	SN1
Discrete	Difference	SN1
	Discrete Derivative	SN2, SN6

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
	Discrete Filter	SN2
	Discrete State-Space	SN2
	Discrete Transfer Fcn	SN2
	Discrete Zero-Pole	SN2
	Discrete-Time Integrator	SN2, SN6
	First-Order Hold	SN4
	Integer Delay	SN2
	Memory	—
	Transfer Fcn First Order	SN1
	Transfer Fcn Lead or Lag	SN1
	Transfer Fcn Real Zero	SN1
	Unit Delay	SN2
	Weighted Moving Average	—
	Zero-Order Hold	—
Logic and Bit Operations	Bit Clear	—
	Bit Set	—
	Bitwise Operator	—
	Combinatorial Logic	—
	Compare to Constant	—
	Compare to Zero	—
	Detect Change	SN2
	Detect Decrease	SN2
	Detect Fall Negative	SN2
	Detect Fall Nonpositive	SN2
	Detect Increase	SN2
	Detect Rise Nonnegative	SN2

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
	Detect Rise Positive	SN2
	Extract Bits	—
	Interval Test	—
	Interval Test Dynamic	—
	Logical Operator	—
	Relational Operator	—
	Shift Arithmetic	—
Lookup Tables	Cosine	SN1
	Direct Lookup Table (n-D)	SN2
	Interpolation (n-D)	—
	Lookup Table	—
	Lookup Table (2-D)	—
	Lookup Table (n-D)	—
	Lookup Table Dynamic	—
	PreLookup Index Search	—
	Sine	SN1
Math Operations	Abs	—
	Algebraic Constraint	Not supported
	Assignment	SN2
	Bias	—
	Complex to Magnitude-Angle	—
	Complex to Real-Imag	—
	Concatenate	SN2
	Dot Product	—
	Gain	—
	Magnitude-Angle to Complex	—

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
	Math Function (10 ^u)	—
	Math Function (conj)	—
	Math Function (exp)	—
	Math Function (hermitian)	—
	Math Function (hypot)	—
	Math Function (log)	—
	Math Function (log10)	—
	Math Function (magnitude ²)	—
	Math Function (mod)	—
	Math Function (pow)	—
	Math Function (reciprocal)	—
	Math Function (rem)	—
	Math Function (square)	—
	Math Function (sqrt)	—
	Math Function (transpose)	—
	MinMax	—
	MinMax Running Resettable	—
	Polynomial	—
	Product	SN2
	Real-Imag to Complex	—
	Reshape	—
	Rounding Function	—
	Sign	—
	Sine Wave Function	—
	Slider Gain	—
	Sum	—

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
	Trigometric Function	SN7
	Unary Minus	—
	Weighted Sample Time Math	—
Model Verification	Assertion	—
	Check Discrete Gradient	—
	Check Dynamic Gap	—
	Check Dynamic Lower Bound	—
	Check Dynamic Range	—
	Check Dynamic Upper Bound	—
	Check Input Resolution	—
	Check Static Gap	—
	Check Static Lower Bound	—
	Check Static Range	—
	Check Static Upper Bound	—
Ports & Subsystems	Atomic Subsystem	—
	Code Reuse Subsystem	—
	Configurable Subsystem	—
	Enabled Subsystem	—
	Enabled and Triggered Subsystem	—
	For Iterator Subsystem	—
	Function-Call Generator	—
	Function-Call Subsystem	—
	If	—
	If Action Subsystem	—
	Model	—
	Subsystem	—

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
	Switch Case	—
	Switch Case Action Subsystem	—
	Triggered Subsystem	—
	While Iterator Subsystem	—
Signal Attributes	Data Type Conversion	—
	Data Type Conversion Inherited	—
	Data Type Duplicate	—
	Data Type Propagation	—
	Data Type Scaling Strip	—
	IC	SN4
	Probe	—
	Rate Transition	SN2, SN5
	Signal Conversion	—
	Signal Specification	—
	Weighted Sample Time	—
	Width	—
Signal Routing	Bus Assignment	—
	Bus Creator	—
	Bus Selector	—
	Data Store Memory	—
	Data Store Read	—
	Data Store Write	—
	Demux	—
	Environment Controller	—
	From	—

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
	Goto	—
	Goto Tag Visibility	—
	Index Vector	—
	Manual Switch	SN4
	Merge	—
	Multiport Switch	SN2
	Mux	—
	Selector	—
	Switch	SN2
Sinks	Display	SN8
	Floating Scope	SN8
	Output (Out1)	—
	Scope	SN8
	Stop Simulation	Not supported
	Terminator	—
	To File	SN4
	To Workspace	SN8
	XY Graph	SN8
Sources	Band-Limited White Noise	SN5
	Chirp Signal	SN4
	Clock	SN4
	Constant	—
	Counter Free-Running	SN4
	Counter Limited	SN1
	Digital Clock	SN4
	From File	SN8

Sublibrary	Block	Support Notes
	From Workspace	SN8
	Ground	—
	Inport (In1)	—
	Pulse Generator	SN5, SN9
	Ramp	SN4
	Random Number	—
	Repeating Sequence	SN10
	Repeating Sequence Interpolated	SN1, SN5
	Repeating Sequence Stair	SN1
	Signal Builder	SN4
	Signal Generator	SN4
	Sine Wave	SN6, SN9
	Step	SN4
	Uniform Random Number	—
User-Defined	Embedded MATLAB Function	—
	Fcn	—
	MATLAB Fcn	SN11
	S-Function	SN12
	S-Function Builder	—

Symbol	Note
—	Real-Time Workshop supports the block and requires no special notes.
SN1	Real-Time Workshop does not explicitly group primitive blocks that constitute a nonatomic masked subsystem block in the generated code. This flexibility allows for more optimal code generation. In certain cases, you can achieve grouping by configuring the masked subsystem block to execute as an atomic unit by selecting the Treat as atomic unit option.
SN2	Generated code relies on memcpy or memset (string.h) under certain conditions.
SN3	Consider using the Simulink Model Discretizer to map continuous blocks into discrete equivalents that support code generation. To start the Model Discretizer, click Tools > Control Design .
SN4	Not recommended for production code.
SN5	Cannot use inside a triggered subsystem hierarchy.
SN6	Depends on absolute time when used inside a triggered subsystem hierarchy.
SN7	The three functions — asinh, acosh, and atanh — are not supported by all compilers. If you use a compiler that does not support these functions, Real-Time Workshop issues a warning message for the block and the generated code fails to link.
SN8	Ignored for code generation.
SN9	Does not refer to absolute time when configured for sample-based operation. Depends on absolute time when in time-based operation.
SN10	Consider using the Repeating Sequence Stair or Repeating Sequence Interpolated block instead.
SN11	Consider using the Embedded MATLAB block instead.
SN12	S-functions that call into MATLAB are not supported for code generation.

Blocks — By Category

Custom Code (p. 5-2)

Blocks that insert custom code into generated model files and subsystem functions

Interrupt Templates (p. 5-3)

Block templates for creating blocks that provide interrupt support for a real-time operating system (RTOS)

S-Function Target (p. 5-4)

Block for generating code for an S-function

VxWorks (p. 5-5)

Blocks that support VxWorks applications

Custom Code

Model Header	Specify custom header code
Model Source	Specify custom source code
System Derivatives	Specify custom system derivative code
System Disable	Specify custom system disable code
System Enable	Specify custom system enable code
System Initialize	Specify custom system initialization code
System Outputs	Specify custom system outputs code
System Start	Specify custom system startup code
System Terminate	Specify custom system termination code
System Update	Specify custom system update code

Interrupt Templates

Async Interrupt

Generate Versa Module Eurocard (VME) interrupt service routines (ISRs) that are to execute downstream subsystems or Task Sync blocks

Task Sync

Spawn VxWorks task to run code of downstream function-call subsystem or Stateflow chart

S-Function Target

RTW S-Function

Represent a model or subsystem as generated S-function code

VxWorks

Async Interrupt	Generate Versa Module Eurocard (VME) interrupt service routines (ISRs) that are to execute downstream subsystems or Task Sync blocks
Protected RT	Handle transfer of data between blocks operating at different rates and ensure data integrity
Task Sync	Spawn VxWorks task to run code of downstream function-call subsystem or Stateflow chart
Unprotected RT	Handle transfer of data between blocks operating at different rates and ensure determinism

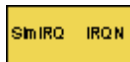
Blocks — Alphabetical List

Async Interrupt

Purpose Generate Versa Module Eurocard (VME) interrupt service routines (ISRs) that are to execute downstream subsystems or Task Sync blocks

Library Interrupt Templates, VxWorks

Description For each specified VxWorks VME interrupt level, the Async Interrupt block generates an interrupt service routine (ISR) that calls one of the following:



- A function call subsystem
- A Task Sync block
- A Stateflow chart configured for a function call input event

You can use the block for simulation and code generation.

Parameters **VME interrupt number(s)**
An array of VME interrupt numbers for the interrupts to be installed. The valid range is 1..7.

The width of the Async Interrupt block output signal corresponds to the number of VME interrupt numbers specified.

Note A model can contain more than one Async Interrupt block. However, if you use more than one Async Interrupt block, do not duplicate the VME interrupt numbers specified in each block.

VME interrupt vector offset(s)
An array of unique interrupt vector offset numbers corresponding to the VME interrupt numbers entered in the **VME interrupt number(s)** field. Real-Time Workshop passes the offsets to the VxWorks call `intConnect(INUM_TO_IVEC(offset), ...)`.

Simulink task priority(s)

The Simulink priority of downstream blocks. Each output of the Async Interrupt block drives a downstream block (for example, a function-call subsystem). Specify an array of priorities corresponding to the VME interrupt numbers you specify for **VME interrupt number(s)**.

The **Simulink task priority** values are required to generate the proper rate transition code (see “Rate Transitions and Asynchronous Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation). Simulink task priority values are also required to ensure absolute time integrity when the asynchronous task needs to obtain real time from its base rate or its caller. The assigned priorities typically are higher than the priorities assigned to periodic tasks.

Note Simulink does not simulate asynchronous task behavior. The task priority of an asynchronous task is for code generation purposes only and is not honored during simulation.

Preemption flag(s); preemptable-1; non-preemptable-0

The value 1 or 0. Set this option to 1 if an output signal of the Async Interrupt block drives a Task Sync block.

Higher priority interrupts can preempt lower priority interrupts in VxWorks. To lock out interrupts during the execution of an ISR, set the preemption flag to 0. This causes generation of `intLock()` and `intUnlock()` calls at the beginning and end of the ISR code. Use interrupt locking carefully, as it increases the system’s interrupt response time for all interrupts at the `intLockLevelSet()` level and below. Specify an array of flags corresponding to the VME interrupt numbers entered in the **VME interrupt number(s)** field.

Async Interrupt

Note The number of elements in the arrays specifying **VME interrupt vector offset(s)** and **Simulink task priority** must match the number of elements in the **VME interrupt number(s)** array.

Manage own timer

If checked, the ISR generated by the Async Interrupt block manages its own timer by reading absolute time from the hardware timer. Specify the size of the hardware timer with the **Timer size** option.

Timer resolution (seconds)

The resolution of the ISRs timer. ISRs generated by the Async Interrupt block maintain their own absolute time counters. By default, these timers obtain their values from the VxWorks kernel by using the `tickGet` call. The **Timer resolution** field determines the resolution of these counters. The default resolution is 1/60 second. The `tickGet` resolution for your board support package (BSP) might be different. You should determine the `tickGet` resolution for your BSP and enter it in the **Timer resolution** field.

If you are targeting VxWorks, you can obtain better timer resolution by replacing the `tickGet` call and accessing a hardware timer by using your BSP instead. If you are targeting an RTOS other than VxWorks, you should replace the `tickGet` call with an equivalent call to the target RTOS, or generate code to read the appropriate timer register on the target hardware. See “Using Timers in Asynchronous Tasks” and “Async Interrupt Block Implementation” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation for more information.

Timer size

The number of bits to be used to store the clock tick for a hardware timer. The ISR generated by the Async Interrupt block uses the timer size when you select **Manage own timer**. The size can

be 32bits (the default), 16bits, 8bits, or auto. If you select auto, Real-Time Workshop determines the timer size based on the settings of **Application lifespan (days)** and **Timer resolution**.

By default, timer values are stored as 32-bit integers. However, when **Timer size** is auto, you can indirectly control the word size of the counters by setting the **Application lifespan (days)** option. If you set **Application lifespan (days)** to a value that is too large for Real-Time Workshop to handle as a 32-bit integer of the specified resolution, Real-Time Workshop uses a second 32-bit integer to address overflows.

For more information, “Application Lifespan”. See also “Using Timers in Asynchronous Tasks”.

Enable simulation input

If checked, Simulink adds an input port to the Async Interrupt block. This port is for use in simulation only. Connect one or more simulated interrupt sources to the simulation input.

Note Before generating code, consider removing blocks that drive the simulation input to ensure that those blocks do not contribute to the generated code. Alternatively, you can use the Environment Controller block, as explained in “Dual-Model Approach: Code Generation”. However, if you use the Environment Controller block, be aware that the sample times of driving blocks contribute to the sample times supported in the generated code.

Inputs and Outputs

Input

A simulated interrupt source.

Output

Control signal for a

- Function-call subsystem
- Task Sync block

Async Interrupt

- Stateflow chart configured for a function call input event

Assumptions and Limitations

- The block supports VME interrupts 1 through 7.
- The block requires a VxWorks Board Support Package (BSP) that supports the following VxWorks system calls:

```
sysIntEnable
sysIntDisable
intConnect
intLock
intUnlock
tickGet
```

Performance Considerations

Execution of large subsystems at interrupt level can have a significant impact on interrupt response time for interrupts of equal and lower priority in the system. As a general rule, it is best to keep ISRs as short as possible. Connect only function-call subsystems that contain a small number of blocks to an Async Interrupt block.

A better solution for large subsystems is to use the Task Sync block to synchronize the execution of the function-call subsystem to a VxWorks task. Place the Task Sync block between the Async Interrupt block and the function-call subsystem. The Async Interrupt block then uses the Task Sync block as the ISR. The ISR releases a synchronization semaphore (performs a `semGive`) to the task, and returns immediately from interrupt level. VxWorks then schedules and runs the task. See the description of the Task Sync block for more information.

See Also

Task Sync
“Asynchronous Support” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Purpose Specify custom header code

Library Custom Code

Description The Model Header block adds user-specified custom code to the `model.h` file that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters **Top of Model Header**
Code to be added at the top of the model's generated header file.

Bottom of Model Header
Code to be added at the top of the model's generated header file.

Example See "Example: Using a Custom Code Block".

See Also Model Source, System Derivatives, System Disable, System Enable, System Initialize, System Outputs, System Start, System Terminate, System Update
"Custom Code Blocks" in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Model Source

Purpose Specify custom source code

Library Custom Code

Description The Model Source block adds user-specified custom code to the *model.c* or *model.cpp* file that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters **Top of Model Source**
Code to be added at the top of the model's generated source file.

Bottom of Model Source
Code to be added at the top of the model's generated source file.

Example See "Example: Using a Custom Code Block".

See Also Model Header, System Derivatives, System Disable, System Enable, System Initialize, System Outputs, System Start, System Terminate, System Update
"Custom Code Blocks" in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Purpose Handle transfer of data between blocks operating at different rates and ensure data integrity

Library VxWorks

Description The Protected RT block is a Rate Transition block that is preconfigured to ensure data integrity during data transfers. For more information, see Rate Transition in the Simulink Reference.

RTW S-Function

Purpose Represent a model or subsystem as generated S-function code

Library S-Function Target

Description An instance of the RTW S-Function block represents code Real-Time Workshop generates from its S-function target for a model or subsystem. For example, you extract a subsystem from a model and build an RTW S-Function block from it, using the S-function target. This mechanism can be useful for

- Converting models and subsystems to application components
- Reusing models and subsystems
- Optimizing simulation — often, an S-function simulates more efficiently than the original model
- Protecting intellectual property — you need only provide the binary DLL or MEX-file object to users

For details on how to create an RTW S-Function block from a subsystem, see “Creating an S-Function Block from a Subsystem” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation.

- Requirements**
- The S-Function block must perform identically to the model or subsystem from which it was generated.
 - Before creating the block, you must explicitly specify all Inport block signal attributes, such as signal widths or sample times. The sole exception to this rule concerns sample times, as described in “Sample Time Propagation in Generated S-Functions” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation.
 - You must set the solver parameters of the RTW S-function block to be the same as those of the original model or subsystem. This ensures that the generated S-function code will operate identically to the original subsystem (see Choice of Solver Type in the Real-Time Workshop documentation for an exception to this rule).

Parameters

Generated S-function name (`model_sf`)

The name of the generated S-function. Real-Time Workshop derives the name by appending `_sf` to the name of the model or subsystem from which the block is generated.

Show module list

If checked, displays modules generated for the S-function.

See Also

“Creating an S-Function Block from a Subsystem” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

System Derivatives

Purpose	Specify custom system derivative code
Library	Custom Code
Description	The System Derivatives block adds user-specified custom code to the declaration, execution, and exit code sections of the <code>SystemDerivatives</code> function that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model or subsystem that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters	System Derivatives Function Declaration Code Code to be added to the declaration section of the generated <code>SystemDerivatives</code> function.
	System Derivatives Function Execution Code Code to be added to the execution section of the generated <code>SystemDerivatives</code> function.
	System Derivatives Function Exit Code Code to be added to the exit section of the generated <code>SystemDerivatives</code> function.

Example See “Example: Using a Custom Code Block”.

See Also Model Header, Model Source, System Disable, System Enable, System Initialize, System Outputs, System Start, System Terminate, System Update
“Custom Code Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Purpose	Specify custom system disable code
Library	Custom Code
Description	The System Disable block adds user-specified custom code to the declaration, execution, and exit code sections of the <code>SystemDisable</code> function that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model or subsystem that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters	System Disable Function Declaration Code Code to be added to the declaration section of the generated <code>SystemDisable</code> function.
	System Disable Function Execution Code Code to be added to the execution section of the generated <code>SystemDisable</code> function.
	System Disable Function Exit Code Code to be added to the exit section of the generated <code>SystemDisable</code> function.

Example See “Example: Using a Custom Code Block”.

See Also Model Header, Model Source, System Derivatives, System Enable, System Initialize, System Outputs, System Start, System Terminate, System Update “Custom Code Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

System Enable

Purpose Specify custom system enable code

Library Custom Code

Description The System Enable block adds user-specified custom code to the declaration, execution, and exit code sections of the SystemEnable function that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model or subsystem that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters

System Enable Function Declaration Code
Code to be added to the declaration section of the generated SystemEnable function.

System Enable Function Execution Code
Code to be added to the execution section of the generated SystemEnable function.

System Enable Function Exit Code
Code to be added to the exit section of the generated SystemEnable function.

Example See “Example: Using a Custom Code Block”.

See Also Model Header, Model Source, System Derivatives, System Disable, System Initialize, System Outputs, System Start, System Terminate, System Update
“Custom Code Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Purpose Specify custom system initialization code

Library Custom Code

Description The System Initialize block adds user-specified custom code to the declaration, execution, and exit code sections of the `SystemInitialize` function that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model or subsystem that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters **System Initialize Function Declaration Code**
Code to be added to the declaration section of the generated `SystemInitialize` function.

System Initialize Function Execution Code
Code to be added to the execution section of the generated `SystemInitialize` function.

System Initialize Function Exit Code
Code to be added to the exit section of the generated `SystemInitialize` function.

Example See “Example: Using a Custom Code Block”.

See Also Model Header, Model Source, System Derivatives, System Disable, System Enable, System Outputs, System Start, System Terminate, System Update “Custom Code Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

System Outputs

Purpose Specify custom system outputs code

Library Custom Code

Description The System Outputs block adds user-specified custom code to the declaration, execution, and exit code sections of the `SystemOutputs` function that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model or subsystem that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters **System Outputs Function Declaration Code**
Code to be added to the declaration section of the generated `SystemOutputs` function.

System Outputs Function Execution Code
Code to be added to the execution section of the generated `SystemOutputs` function.

System Outputs Function Exit Code
Code to be added to the exit section of the generated `SystemOutputs` function.

Example See “Example: Using a Custom Code Block”.

See Also Model Header, Model Source, System Derivatives, System Disable, System Enable, System Initialize, System Start, System Terminate, System Update “Custom Code Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Purpose	Specify custom system startup code
Library	Custom Code
Description	The System Start block adds user-specified custom code to the declaration, execution, and exit code sections of the <code>SystemStart</code> function that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model or subsystem that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters	System Start Function Declaration Code Code to be added to the declaration section of the generated <code>SystemStart</code> function.
	System Start Function Execution Code Code to be added to the execution section of the generated <code>SystemStart</code> function.
	System Start Function Exit Code Code to be added to the exit section of the generated <code>SystemStart</code> function.

Example See “Example: Using a Custom Code Block”.

See Also Model Header, Model Source, System Derivatives, System Disable, System Enable, System Initialize, System Outputs, System Terminate, System Update “Custom Code Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

System Terminate

Purpose Specify custom system termination code

Library Custom Code

Description The System Terminate block adds user-specified custom code to the declaration, execution, and exit code sections of the `SystemTerminate` function that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model or subsystem that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters **System Terminate Function Declaration Code**
Code to be added to the declaration section of the generated `SystemTerminate` function.

System Terminate Function Execution Code
Code to be added to the execution section of the generated `SystemTerminate` function.

System Terminate Function Exit Code
Code to be added to the exit section of the generated `SystemTerminate` function.

Example See “Example: Using a Custom Code Block”.

See Also Model Header, Model Source, System Derivatives, System Disable, System Enable, System Initialize, System Outputs, System Start, System Update
“Custom Code Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Purpose	Specify custom system update code
Library	Custom Code
Description	The System Update block adds user-specified custom code to the declaration, execution, and exit code sections of the <code>SystemUpdate</code> function that Real-Time Workshop generates for the model or subsystem that contains the block.

Note If you include this block in a submodel (model referenced by a Model block), Real-Time Workshop ignores the block for simulation target builds, but includes any specified custom code in the build process for other targets.

Parameters	System Update Function Declaration Code Code to be added to the declaration section of the generated <code>SystemUpdate</code> function.
	System Update Function Execution Code Code to be added to the execution section of the generated <code>SystemUpdate</code> function.
	System Update Function Exit Code Code to be added to the exit section of the generated <code>SystemUpdate</code> function.

Example See “Example: Using a Custom Code Block”.

See Also Model Header, Model Source, System Derivatives, System Disable, System Enable, System Initialize, System Outputs, System Start, System Terminate “Custom Code Blocks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Task Sync

Purpose Spawn VxWorks task to run code of downstream function-call subsystem or Stateflow chart

Library Interrupt Templates, VxWorks

Description The Task Sync block spawns a VxWorks task that calls a function-call subsystem or Stateflow chart. Typically, you place the Task Sync block between an Async Interrupt block and a function-call subsystem block or Stateflow chart. Alternatively, you might connect the Task Sync block to the output port of a Stateflow diagram that has an event, Output to Simulink, configured as a function call.

The Task Sync block performs the following functions:

- Uses the VxWorks system call `taskSpawn` to spawn an independent task. When the task is activated, it calls the downstream function-call subsystem code or Stateflow chart. The block calls `taskDelete` to delete the task during model termination.
- Creates a semaphore to synchronize the connected subsystem with execution of the block.
- Wraps the spawned task in an infinite for loop. In the loop, the spawned task listens for the semaphore, using `semTake`. The first call to `semTake` specifies `NO_WAIT`. This allows the task to determine whether a second `semGive` has occurred prior to the completion of the function-call subsystem or chart. This would indicate that the interrupt rate is too fast or the task priority is too low.
- Generates synchronization code (for example, `semGive()`). This code allows the spawned task to run. The task in turn calls the connected function-call subsystem code. The synchronization code can run at interrupt level. This is accomplished through the connection between the Async Interrupt and Task Sync blocks, which triggers execution of the Task Sync block within an ISR.
- Supplies absolute time if blocks in the downstream algorithmic code require it. The time is supplied either by the timer maintained by

the Async Interrupt block, or by an independent timer maintained by the task associated with the Task Sync block.

When you design your application, consider when timer and signal input values should be taken for the downstream function-call subsystem that is connected to the Task Sync block. By default, the time and input data are read when VxWorks activates the task. For this case, the data (input and time) are synchronized to the task itself. If you select the **Synchronize the data transfer of this task with the caller task** option and the Task Sync block is driven by an Async Interrupt block, the time and input data are read when the interrupt occurs (that is, within the ISR). For this case, data is synchronized with the caller of the Task Sync block.

Parameters

Task name (10 characters or less)

The first argument passed to the VxWorks taskSpawn system call. VxWorks uses this name as the task function name. This name also serves as a debugging aid; routines use the task name to identify the task from which they are called.

Simulink task priority (0–255)

The VxWorks task priority to be assigned to the function-call subsystem task when spawned. VxWorks priorities range from 0 to 255, with 0 representing the highest priority.

Note Simulink does not simulate asynchronous task behavior. The task priority of an asynchronous task is for code generation purposes only and is not honored during simulation.

Stack size (bytes)

Maximum size to which the task's stack can grow. The stack size is allocated when VxWorks spawns the task. Choose a stack size based on the number of local variables in the task. You should determine the size by examining the generated code for the task (and all functions that are called from the generated code).

Synchronize the data transfer of this task with the caller task

If not checked (the default),

- The block maintains a timer that provides absolute time values required by the computations of downstream blocks. The timer is independent of the timer maintained by the Async Interrupt block that calls the Task Sync block.
- A **Timer resolution** option appears.
- The **Timer size** option specifies the word size of the time counter.

If checked,

- The block does not maintain an independent timer, and does not display the **Timer resolution** field.
- Downstream blocks that require timers use the timer maintained by the Async Interrupt block that calls the Task Sync block (see “Using Timers in Asynchronous Tasks” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation). The timer value is read at the time the asynchronous interrupt is serviced, and data transfers to blocks called by the Task Sync block and execute within the task associated with the Async Interrupt block. Therefore, data transfers are synchronized with the caller.

Timer resolution (seconds)

The resolution of the block’s timer in seconds. This option appears only if **Synchronize the data transfer of this task with the caller task** is not checked. By default, the block gets the timer value by calling the VxWorks `tickGet` function. The default resolution is 1/60 second. The `tickGet` resolution for your BSP might be different. You should determine the `tickGet` resolution for your BSP and enter it in the **Timer resolution** field.

Timer size

The number of bits to be used to store the clock tick for a hardware timer. The size can be 32bits (the default), 16bits, 8bits, or auto. If you select auto, Real-Time Workshop determines the

timer size based on the settings of **Application lifespan (days)** and **Timer resolution**.

By default, timer values are stored as 32-bit integers. However, when **Timer size** is auto, you can indirectly control the word size of the counters by setting the **Application lifespan (days)** option. If you set **Application lifespan (days)** to a value that is too large for Real-Time Workshop to handle as a 32-bit integer of the specified resolution, Real-Time Workshop uses a second 32-bit integer to address overflows.

For more information, “Application Lifespan”. See also “Using Timers in Asynchronous Tasks”.

Inputs and Outputs

Input

A call from an Async Interrupt block.

Output

A call to a function-call subsystem.

See Also

Async Interrupt
“Asynchronous Support” in the Real-Time Workshop documentation

Unprotected RT

Purpose	Handle transfer of data between blocks operating at different rates and ensure determinism
Library	VxWorks
Description	The Unprotected RT block is a Rate Transition block that is preconfigured to ensure deterministic data transfers. For more information, see Rate Transition in the Simulink Reference.

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